TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

GRILAMID TR 90

Product description

Grilamid TR grades are transparent thermoplastic polyamides based on aliphatic and cycloaliphatic blocks. Grilamid TR 90 offers a variety of interesting properties such as:

- clear transparency even in high wall thicknesses
- good light natural colour
- can be coloured in transparent as well as opaque colours
- tough
- stiff
- good chemical- and stress-crack resistance
- high flexural fatigue strength

Grilamid TR grades are suitable for production of optical and technical demanding parts in the application fields of:

- Optics
- Electro
- Electronics
- Automotive
- Mechanical engineering
- Domestic appliances



PROPERTIES

Mechanical Properties

MPa c % c MPa c % c	cond. 1600 cond. 60 cond. 6 cond. 45
% c MPa c % c	cond. 6
MPa c % c	
% с	ond. 45
/2-1ell kl/m ² c	cond. > 50
	cond. no break
/2-1eU kJ/m² c	cond. no break
/2-1eA kJ/m² c	cond. 13
/2-1eA kJ/m² c	cond. 12
9-1 MPa c	cond. 90
57 °C d	lry 155
°C d	lry 115
°C d	lry 135
59 10 ⁻⁴ /K d	lry 0.9
59 10 ⁻⁴ /K d	lry 0.9
8 °C d	lry 80 - 100
8 °C d	lry 120
43-1 kV/mm c	cond. 34
12 - c	cond. 600
93 Ω·m c	cond. 10 ¹¹
93 Ω C	cond. 10 ¹²
3 g/cm³ d	lry 1.00
0 rating -	<u>,</u>
0	3
	lry 0.65
% d	lry 0.75
	↓ % d

Processing information for the injection moulding of Grilamid TR 90

This technical data sheet for Grilamid TR 90 provides you with useful information on material preparation, machine requirements, tooling and processing.

MATERIAL PREPARATION

Grilamid TR 90 is delivered dry and ready for processing in sealed, air tight packaging. Predrying is not necessary.

Storage

Amorphous polyamides can be stored over years without negatively influencing it's mechanical properties. However, in order to ensure optimal colour and transparency, Grilamid should not be stored for more then 6 months. At temperatures above 25°C in combination with long storage temperatures, the oxidation saturation process of the granulate is accelerated. Hence, it is advised to keep storage temperatures below 25°C. The above mentioned effect becomes only visible after injection moulding and shows itself in parts which have a more yellow appearance. Storage facilities must be dry and protect the bags from the influence of weather and damage.

Handling and safety

Detailed information can be obtained from the "Material Safety Data Sheet" (MSDS) which can be requested with every material order.

Drying

Grilamid TR 90 is dried and packed with a moisture content of less than 0.08 %. Should the packaging become damaged or the material is left open too long, then the material must be dried. A too high moisture content can be shown by a foaming melt and silver streaks on the moulded part when injected freely into the atmosphere (free shot).

Drying can be done as follows:

┌ Desiccant dryer	
Time: 4	ax. 80°C - 6 hours 0°C

Vacuum oven

max. 80°C	
4 - 8 hours	

Drying time

If there is only little evidence of foaming of the melt or just slight silver streaks on the part, then the above mentioned minimal drying time will be sufficient. Material, which is stored open over days, which shows strong foaming, unusually easy flowing, streaks and rough surface on the moulding part, then the maximal drying time is required.



Silver streaks can also be caused by overheating of the material (over 320°C) or by too long melt residence time in the barrel.

Drying temperature

Polyamides are subjected to the affects of oxidation at temperatures above 80°C in the presence of oxygen. Visible yellowing of the material is an indication of oxidation. Hence temperatures above 80°C for desiccant dryers and temperatures above 100°C for vacuum ovens should be avoided. In order to detect oxidation it is advised to keep a small amount of granulate (light colour only !) as a comparison sample.

At longer residence times (over 1 hour) hopper heating or a hopper dryer (80°C) is useful.

Use of regrind

Grilamid TR 90 is a thermoplastic material. Hence, incomplete mouldings as well as sprues and runners can be reprocessed. The following points should be observed:

- Moisture absorption
- Grinding: Dust particles and particle size distribution
- Contamination through foreign material, dust, oil, etc.
- Quantity addition to original material
- Colour variation
- Reduction of mechanical properties

When adding regrind, special care has to be taken by the moulder.

MACHINE REQUIREMENTS

Grilamid TR 90 can be processed economically and problem-free on all machines suitable for polyamides.

Screw

Wear protected, universal screws with shut-off nozzles are recommended (3 zones).

⊢ Screw	
Colew	
Length:	18 D - 22 D
Compression ratio:	2 - 2.5

Shot volume

The metering stroke must be longer than the length of the back flow valve (without decompression distance).

Selecting the injection unit

Shot volume = 0.5 - 0.9 x (max. shot volume)

Heating

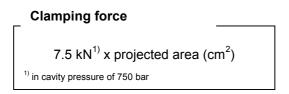
At least three separately controllable heating zones, able of reaching cylinder temperatures up to 350°C. A separate nozzle heating is necessary. The cylinder flange temperature must be controllable (cooling).

Nozzle

Open nozzles are simple, allow an easy melt flow and are long lasting. There is however the danger that during retraction of the screws following injection of the melt, air maybe drawn into the barrel (decompression). For this reason, needle shut-off nozzles are often used.

Clamping force

As a rule of thumb the clamping force can be estimated using the following formula:



TOOLING

The design of the mould tool should follow the general rules for transparent thermoplastics.

For the mould cavities common mould tool steel quality (e.g. hardened steel) which has been hardened to level of 56 HRC is recommend.

Gate and runner

To achieve an optimal mould-fill and to avoid sink marks, a central gate at the thickest section of the moulding is recommended. Pin point gate (direct) or tunnel gates are more economical and more common with technical moulding.

To avoid premature solidification of the melt and difficult mould filing, the following points should be considered:

Gate diameter

0.8 x thickest wall section of the injection moulding part

Runner diameter

1.4 x thickest wall section of the injection moulding part (but minimum 4 mm)

VENTING

In order to prevent burning marks and improve weldline strength, proper venting of the mould cavity should be provided (venting channels on the parting surface dimensions: Depth 0.02 mm, width 2 - 5 mm).

PROCESSING

Mould filling, post pressure and dosing

The injection speed should be regulated so as to reduce towards the end of the filling cycle in order to avoid burning. For dosing at low screw revolutions and pressure the cooling time should be fully utilised.

Basic machine settings

In order to start up the machines for processing Grilamid TR 90, following basic settings are recommended:

Temperatures

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Flange	40°C
Zone 1	255°C
Zone 2	260°C
Zone 3	265°C
Nozzle	260°C
Tool	80°C
Melt	265°C

Pressures / Speeds

Injection speed	medium - high
Hold-on pressure (spec.)	300 - 600 bar
Dynamic pressure (hydr.)	5 - 10 bar
Screw speed	50 - 100 min ⁻¹

CUSTOMER SERVICES

EMS-GRIVORY is a specialist for polyamide synthesis and polyamide-processing. Our customer services are not only concerned with the manufacturing and supply of engineering thermoplastics but also provide a full of technical support program:

- Rheological design calculation / FEA
- Prototype tooling
- Material selection
- Processing support
- Mould and component design

We are happy to advice you. Simply call one of our sales offices.

The recommendations and data given are based on our experience to date, however, no liability can be assumed in connection with their usage and processing.

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